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# Approved For Release 2002/03/20 : CIA-RDP78-03362A001700010002-8 **SEGRET**

#### Lacture Outline

## Structure and Functions of Party Organs: (Parallel Apparati-Party Seeking Power)

## PARTY FRACTIONS (P.Pr.)

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June, 1954

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Structure and Functions of Party Organs: (Parallel Apparati-Party Socking Power)

#### CARTY FRACTIONS (P.SY)

#### I. Introduction.

The leadership and ultimate control of Front Organisations, except those mentioned as "Overt Fronts" with "interlocking end/or deputised leadership," is exercised by PARTI FRACTIONS, "Fraction leadership" which are formal units of PARTI STRUCTURE whose task is to acquire and exert control over a given organization within which the fraction has established itself.

IF a PARTY PRACTION is SECENSIVED in its TASK, the ORGANIZATION WITHIN SHICK IT EXISTS CAN BE CONSIDERED a PROFIT CROAVIZATION.

The existence of a fraction is secret and carefully concealed, except in cases where CF mambers are elected to the national legislature on any political ticket.

- A. Structure and Functions of a PARTY FRACTION (also known as nucleus, kernel, group, causes, etc.) Below listed ECCI instructions prove that a Fraction is an instrument in the hands of the Party through which the Party Line (Policy) is brought to the "Graniced Masses," and through which the Party gives leadership to members of Mass organizations (see Italian Commission on Work with Mass Organizations.)
  - 1. The instructions of the ECCI adopted in Moscow in Fabruary, 1924, consisted of three sections, containing the following:
    - e. Resolution of the ECCI on the organization of factory nuclei.
    - b. Introduction to Instruction for Communist Fractions in Non-Farty Institutions and Organizations.
    - c. Instructions for Communist Fractions in Non-Party
      Institutions and Granisations. (International Press
      Corp'ce Vienna, 27 February 1928) according to which:
  - 2. Communist Fraction sust be organised wherever there are three CP members (card-carrying or secret) in organizations such as all trade unions and similar mass organizations, fraternal, sport and other societies, political perties (united front or anizations), conventions (national or international), etc.

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- 3. All fractions are under the jurisdiction of the corresponding Party Organisation (shop, fastery cell, district, District Errosu, etc.).
- 4. Exactions must carry out the decisions of corresponding Party organizations.
- 5. The policy for a meas organization is made by the corresponding Party Committee after discussion of any basic question in which fraction members participated. (The fraction has a consultative role.)
- 6. Candidates for election in a mass organization are selected by the fraction and must be a proved by the corresponding Party Committee before they are proposed to the general membership of the mass organization.
- 7. Every individual member of the fraction must carry out decisions of the fraction at the meeting, whether he agrees with it or not.
- 8. The fraction <u>sets independently</u> on the basis of the Party in all detailed questions of the inner life and the daily work of the TU or other Mass Organization it belongs to.
- 9. The Fraction mosts resularly before the meeting of the organization where it discusseds and decides how to apply the policy of the Farty in the organization.
- 10. The Fraction introduces Party campaiens.
- 11. The Fraction remults new Farty members from the organization.
- 12. The Fraction solicits subscribers for Party literature and pressumment of the organization.
- 13. The Fraction coordinates all activities of Party numbers within the organization (solidarity in action, unemimity in opinion, etc.).
- 14. The Fraction elects a Fraction Secretary, whose flunctions consist of:
  - a. Liaison between the Fraction and the corresponding Party organ.
  - b. Responsibility to the Party for proper functioning of the Fraction.
  - c. Responsibility for proper functioning of members of the Fraction.
  - d. Observation of the behavior of Party members in the Mass Organization.

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e. Introduced Party campaigns into the Mass Organization.

(Note: See reference to Fractions and their activities in D.(?) Hyde's, "I Believed".)

### B. Activities of Party Practions.

- 1. Penetration and Infiltration. Usually accomplished by application of "from below" or "above" tectics.
  - s. Defensive constration and/or infiltration, designed for the surpose to present "MEURAL" organizations from falling under the control of the opposition. (student, women, cultural groups, etc.)
  - t. Offensive penetration or infiltration, designed for the surpose of organization into weapons against the opposition (political parties, progressive perty, Doc Dem Parties, etc., trade unions, sport societies, cooperatives, etc.)
  - c. Discuise (cover).
    - (1) Ismorary, a short term concealment for the performance of a specific operation or to weet a momentary crisis.
    - (2) Parament, providing necessary cover for the achievement of long range sims especially in the political field, where normal (legal) CP activities are probabited by law and the only method of beeping the CP alive and active is penetration by means of individual affiliation with existing legal organizations.
    - (3) Individual and/or group cover, without intent to participate in affairs of the organization during a given period of Party tactics. (Sleepers)
  - d. Provocation, when it is desirable to invite disapproval and/or security (national) action against an unfriendly organization and carrying out clandestine activities for which the blaze would be placed upon the penetrated organization, rather than on the CP or its affiliates, which would logically be suspected because of its revolutionary fileology.
- 2. Subversion, purpose of which is penetration of the opposition for either complete elimination, or, which is nore likely the STALEATION of such againstion of an ally. Means utilized in subversion tactics follow generally these points:
  - a. <u>Encouraging deviations</u> from adopted platforms (by-laws, constitutions, etc.).

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- , b. Medirecting organizational efforts by spreading runors, etc.
- c. Splitting the organization by creating disagreement among the newbership.
- d. Provoking actions which will waste the strength of the organization.
- e. Accelerating dissolution efforts, etc.
- 3. Satotes of the activities of the opposition through its own organisation.
- 4. Terror and physical violence against individuals within an organization because of their hostile attitude or acts against the CP and its affiliates (good squads, etc.).

#### II. funical Front Germanisations.

- A. Controlled labor unions.
- B. Controlled political parties, and splinter groups.
- C. Motion victure distributing agencies.
- D. Civil liberties grows (civic rights).
- E. Racial organizations (Negro).
- F. Church or ganizations (religious solinter fractions Negro).
- G. Clubs and fraternal organizations of all sorts (Cao, etc.).
- H. Foreign language groups (lansmenschaften).
- I. Political parties, "independent", etc.
- J. Recrettional groups.
- K. Character building groups, circles,
- L. Schools and courses.
- M. Local "citizens" and other associations, committees, etc.
- H. Hent and consumer groups.
- O. Libraries, reading rooms, amateur groups, etc.
- P. "Petriotic" organizations.
- Minority organizations.

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R. Bookstores.

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3. Other.

### III. References.

- A. A Menual on Organization by J. Peters.
- B. Brited Front by G. Dimitrov.
- C. Guide to Subversive Organisations and Publications. House Document No. 237, 15 May 1961.
- D. Internal Security Act of 1950, Public Low #331, 31st Congress, Chapter 1024, 2nd Session.
- E. Problems of Leninism by J. Stalin.